- (1) The name of the petitioner(s);
- (2) A detailed description of the breach or violation which is the subject of the penalty;
- (3) A detailed recitation of the facts which support one, or both, of the bases for waiver or reduction described in §2570.85(a) of this part, accompanied by underlying documentation supporting such factual allegations;
- (4) A declaration, signed and dated by the petitioner(s), in the following form:

Under penalty of perjury, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the representations made in this petition are true and correct.

- (c) If a petition for waiver or reduction is submitted during the 60 day payment period described in §2570.84(a) of this part, the payment period for the penalty in question will be tolled pending Departmental consideration of the petition. During such consideration, the applicant is entitled to one conference with the Secretary, but the Secretary, in his or her sole discretion, may schedule or hold additional conferences with the petitioner concerning the factual allegations contained in the petition.
- (d) Based solely on his or her discretion, the Secretary will determine whether to grant such a waiver or reduction. Pursuant to the procedure described in §2570.83(b), the petitioner will be served with a written determination informing him or her of the Secretary's decision. Such written determination shall briefly state the grounds for the Secretary's decision, and shall be final and non-reviewable. In the case of a determination not to waive, the payment period for the penalty in question, if previously initiated, will resume as of the date of service of the Secretary's written determination.

## § 2570.86 Reduction of penalty by other penalty assessments.

The penalty assessed on a person pursuant to this section with respect to any transaction shall be reduced by the amount of any penalty or tax imposed on such person with respect to such transaction under ERISA section 502(i) and section 4975 of the Code. Prior to a reduction of penalty under this paragraph, the person being assessed must

provide proof to the Department of the payment of the penalty or tax and the amount of that payment. Submissions of proof of other penalty or tax assessments will not toll the 60 day payment period, if previously initiated.

#### § 2570.87 Revision of assessment.

If, based on the procedures described in §2570.84, 2570.85, or 2570.86, the assessed penalty amount is revised, the person being assessed will receive a revised notice of assessment and will be obligated to pay the revised assessed penalty within the relevant 60 day payment period (as determined by the applicable procedure in §2570.84, 2570.85, or 2570.86), and, if necessary, any excess penalty payment will be refunded as soon as administratively feasible. The revised notice of assessment will revoke any previously issued notice of assessment with regard to the transaction in question and will become a final order (within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 704) the later of the first day following the 60 day payment period or the date of its service on the person being assessed, pursuant to the service procedures described in §2570.83(b).

#### § 2570.88 Effective date.

This section is effective June 20, 1990, and shall apply to assessments under section 502(1) made by the Secretary after June 20, 1990, based on any breach or violation occurring on or after December 19, 1989.

# Subpart E—Procedures for the Assessment of Civil Penalties Under ERISA Section 502(c)(5)

SOURCE: 68 FR 17508, Apr. 9, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

### §2570.90 Scope of rules.

The rules of practice set forth in this subpart are applicable to "502(c)(5) civil penalty proceedings" (as defined in 2570.91(n)) under section 502(c)(5) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The rules of procedure for administrative hearings published by the Department's Office of Administrative Law Judges in subpart